Question Booklet for TDP (General) 2nd Semester Exam., 2018

ENGLISH

Full Marks: 40]

SECOND PAPER

[Time : 1 Hour

Question Booklet SET No. : A

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

Read the following INSTRUCTIONS carefully:

- 1. Use black/blue dot pen only.
- 2. Fill in the particulars given below in this page.
- 3. Fill in the particulars (on the Side 1) of the OMR Answer Sheet as per Instructions contained in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 4. The SET No. of this Question Booklet is A. Write the SET No. at the specific space provided in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 5. There are 40 (forty) questions in this Question Booklet, each carrying 1 (one) mark.
- **6.** Each question or incomplete statement is followed by 4 (four) suggestive answers—[A], [B], [C] and [D] of which only **one** is correct. Mark the correct answer by darkening the appropriate circle.
- 7. Marking of more than one answer against any question will be treated as incorrect response and no mark shall be awarded.
- 8. Any change in answer made or erased by using solid or liquid eraser will damage the OMR Answer Sheet resulting in rejection of the whole Answer Sheet by the computer. Therefore, do not change or erase once the answer is marked.
- 9. No part of the Question Booklet shall be detached or defaced under any circumstances.
- 10. Use of mobile phone, calculator, log table, compass, scale and any electronic gadget is strictly prohibited in the Examination Hall.
- 11. Question Booklet and the OMR Answer Sheet must be returned to the Invigilator within 1 (one) Hour of the commencement of the examination.
- 12. Adoption of unfair means in any form or violation of instruction as mentioned in Point No. 10 shall result into expulsion from the entire examination.
- 13. The candidate must ensure that the Question Booklet and the OMR Answer Sheet are signed by the Invigilator.
- 14. After opening the Question Booklet, check the total number of printed pages and report to the Invigilator in case of any discrepancy.

Roll Number :	F A seach sens (A)
OMR Answer Sheet No. :	[8] sea shifting blestbook [8]
(As printed in the OMR Answer Sheet)	Verified and found correct
(D) Mathiba author viviet (C)	(D) None of timesing enough
Full Signature of the Candidate	

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1. Mention the name of the newspape	
story, <i>The Flu.</i>	ne Daffodil?
t) 2nd Semester annua, 2018	[A] 300 pounds
	[B] 500 pounds
[R] 4mm 1 D	[C] 200 pounds
[b] Ananaa Bazar	[D] 1000 pounds
[C] Financial Times	FRU TRIMOOS SHIP MASO TON OU
[D] India Today	5. The partner of Paul's racecourse competition was
Start on the Objection contained in the OMP	[A] Uncle Baser
	[B] Uncle Oscar and Bassett
Woodifield was allowed to go outside?	[C] Uncle Peter and Bassett
an ben [A] Monday	[D] Lady Mortimer and Baser
C Sunday	[A] There must be more money! there must be more money![B] There must be happiness[C] There must be no money, no
3. Gertrude was the daughter of	money [D] There must be only money and happiness
[A] Boss	7. How much money did Della save for Christmas?
[B] Woodifield	[A] Sixty cents
[C] Macey	[B] Two dollars
[D] None of them	[C] One dollar and eighty-seven cents
Signature of the invigilator with dete	[D] Thirty dollars
S-2/FNGG/02/19/1140	2

8. When did Della want to give a gift to her husband?	12. To attend the party, Madame Loisel got the diamond necklace from
[A] After the Easter	
[B] On his birthday	[A] Madame Forestier
[C] On Christmas Day	[B] Bovary
[D] None of the above	[C] Anne
	16. The casey, Senside is taken from Robert
9. What was written on the signboard in the story, <i>The Gift of the Magi</i> ?	[D] None of them
[A] 'Mme. Sofronie. Hair Goods of All Kinds'	not touching management and [A] (A) 18 year among and mild [S]
[B] Hair goods and seller	13. In the essay, Seaside tents are compared to what particular insect?
[C] Hair goods and Co. Of [C]	[A] Flies
[D] None of the above	(D) Limenhau
10. Mathilde was married to a	[C] Butterflies
[A] doctor	[C] Butterflies M acres (1844)
[B] clerk in Holy School	[D] Mosquitoes
[C] clerk in the Ministry of Education	NooW striggeV (5) [C] Is a fair of Weydon Priors
[D] pilot the above	14. The meaning of 'Plage' is
11. The first name of Madame Loisel was	[A] sea beach
[A] Bovary	[B] sea shells
[B] Anne	(B) Posily Broate wearen (B)
[C] Forestier	[C] sea port
[D] Mathilde	[D] None of the above
S-2/ENGG/02/18 /1140-A 3	A-0411\8.\80\00 [P.T.O.

[A] cricketers of England	[A] Mary Anne Evans
[B] basketball players	[B] Mary
[C] footballers	[C] Lady Havisham
[D] singers	[D] Evans
16. The essay, <i>Seaside</i> is taken from Robert Lynd's volume of essay named	20. Forster's third visit to India was after
[A] The Peal of Bells	[A] 20 years
[B] Bells and Poems	[B] 25 years
[C] The Darkling Essay	[C] 18 years
[D] Dramatic Romances	[D] 10 years
17. Who wrote the essay, Shakespeare's Sister?	21. The purpose of Forster's third visit was to attend
[A] Katherine Mansfield	[A] a conference of Indian writers
[B] E. M. Forster	[B] a conference of cricketers
[C] Virginia Woolf	[C] a conference of English writers
[D] E. V. Lucas	[D] None of the above
18. The name of Shakespeare's imaginary sister was	22. Forster's first visit to India was in
[A] Sarah	[A] 1918
[B] Emily Bronte	[B] 1913
[C] Jane Eyre	[C] 1921
[D] Judith	[D] 1912
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19. The real name of George Eliot was

15. Mead and Wolley were

- 23. The big change that Forster noticed during his third visit was
 - [A] people's interest in politics
 - [B] people's interest in religion
 - [C] people's interest in sport
 - [D] people's interest in cinema
- **24.** The most remarkable quality of a bore is his
 - [A] knowledge
 - [B] pleasant attitude
 - [C] cleverness
- [D] patience
- **25.** Bores is taken from the collection of essays named
 - [A] The Peal of Bells
 - [B] Dramatic Essays
 - [C] Event and Embroideries
 - [D] None of the above
- 26. Who wrote the essay, Bores?
 - [A] D. H. Lawrence
 - [B] Edward Verrall Lucas
- [C] E. M. Forster
- [D] Robert Lynd

- **27.** What was the profession of Michael Henchard?
 - [A] Hay trusser
 - [B] Doctor
 - [C] Driver
 - [D] Scientist
- 28. In the novel, The Mayor of Casterbridge, Michael Henchard made a promise of not touching wine for
 - [A] 18 years
 - [B] 10 years
 - [C] 12 years
 - [D] 21 years
- 29. Where did Henchard sell his wife in a drunken mood?
 - [A] In a restaurant
 - [B] In a brothel
 - [C] In a fair of Weydon Priors
 - [D] None of the above
- **30.** Whom did Susan rémarry after coming to Casterbridge?
 - [A] Donald Farfrae
 - [B] Newson
 - [C] Michael Henchard
 - [D] None of them

- **31.** Who disclosed the past secret of Henchard's life?
 - [A] The furmity woman
 - [B] Donald Farfrae
 - [C] Abel Whittle
 - [D] Elizabeth Jane
- **32.** Name the Scotsman mentioned in the novel, *The Mayor of Casterbridge*
 - [A] John
 - [B] Robert Lynd
 - [C] Donald Farfrae
 - [D] Samson
- **33.** What is the name of the daughter of Henchard?
 - [A] Lucetta
 - [B] Susan Henchard
 - [C] Mary
 - [D] Elizabeth Jane
 - **34.** What was the name of the sailor who purchased Susan and her daughter?
 - [A] Donald Farfrae
 - [B] Newson
 - [C] Abel Whittle, a labourer
 - [D] None of them

Directions (Question Nos. **35** to **40**): Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow with appropriate options given against them.

The Thurlows lived on a small hill. As though it were not high enough, the house was raised up, as on invisible stilts, with a wooden flight of steps to the front door. Exposed and isolated, the wind striking at it from all quarters, it seemed to have no part with the surrounding landscape. Empty ploughed lands, in winter-time, stretched away on all sides in wet steel curves.

At half-past seven every morning, Mrs. Thurlow pushed her great rusty bicycle down the hill; at six every evening she pushed it back. Loaded, always with grey bundles of washing, oilcans, sacks, cabbages, bundles of old newspaper, boughs of wind-blown wood and bags of chicken food, the bicycle could never be ridden. It was a vehicle of necessity. Her relationship to it was that of a beast to a cart. Slopping along beside it, flat heavy feet pounding painfully along under mud-stained skirts, her face and body ugly with lumpy angles of bone, she was like a beast of burden.

Coming out of the house, raised up even above the level of the small hill, she stepped into a country of wide horizons. This fact meant nothing to her. The world into which she moved was very small: from six to nine she cleaned for the two retired sisters, nine to twelve for the retired photographer, twelve-thirty to three for the poultry farm, four to six for the middle-aged bachelor. She did not think of going beyond the four lines which made up the square of her life. She thought of other people going beyond them, but this was

floors,	working	always	for	other	peo	ple,
against	time, she	e had so	meho	w got	into	the
habit o	f not thin	king abo	ut he	erself.		

- 35. Where did the Thurlows live?
 - [A] Cumberland
 - [B] Doncaster
 - [C] On a small hill
 - [D] In a valley
- **36.** At what time did Mrs. Thurlow go out for work?
 - [A] At half past seven every morning
 - [B] At seven every morning
 - [C] At six at night
 - [D] At five early morning
- **37.** At what time did Mrs. Thurlow return back from her work?
 - [A] At four every evening
 - [B] At twelve noon every day
 - [C] At ten every morning
 - [D] At six every evening

- **38.** Which particular vehicle Mrs. Thurlow cannot ride?
 - [A] The bicycle
- [B] The lorry
 - [C] The car
 - [D] The scooter
 - 39. Who is considered as the beast of burden?
 - [A] Mrs. Thurlow
 - [B] Mr. Thurlow
 - [C] The bicycle
 - [D] None of the above
 - **40.** At what time of the day Mrs. Thurlow worked for the retired photographer?
 - [A] From six to nine
 - [B] From nine to twelve
 - [C] From four to six
 - [D] From twelve-thirty to three